









## udocker - be anywhere

#### Part 2 - Hands On: basic stuff

https://github.com/indigo-dc/udocker

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#### What udocker is not - I

- Not appropriate to run services:
  - In most cases you need root privileges to run services.
  - You have Docker (or other container tools) for this.
- udocker is a run-time and is not meant to build docker images:
  - Docker images should be built with Docker.
  - Use you (Lap/Des)top with Docker, for this.

#### What udocker is not - II

- docker-compose like functionality:
  - This is usually to compose micro-services to deploy a platform/service.
  - Again udocker is not appropriate to run services.
  - Use docker-compose itself for this.

## udocker aims/objectives

- Execute applications encapsulated with dependencies in containers
  - as non privilege user.
- Execute containers from docker images
  - including officially supported images in Dockerhub.
- Execute applications with very specific, customized libraries and environments
  - difficult to support in very controlled systems such as HPC machines.

## udocker: Installation

https://indigo-dc.github.io/udocker/installation manual.html

#### Installation: tarball

Access the INCD advanced computing facility at Lisbon using ssh:

```
ssh -l <username> cirrus.a.incd.pt
module load python/3.10
```

- The end user can download and execute udocker without system administrator intervention.
- Install from a released version:
  - Download a release tarball from <a href="https://github.com/indigo-dc/udocker/releases">https://github.com/indigo-dc/udocker/releases</a>:

```
wget https://github.com/indigo-dc/udocker/releases/download/1.3.17/udocker-1.3.17.tar.gz
tar zxvf udocker-1.3.17.tar.gz
export PATH=`pwd`/udocker-1.3.17/udocker:$PATH
```

## Installation: PyPI - I

- Install from PyPI using pip:
  - For installation with pip it is advisable to setup a Python3 virtual environment

python3 -m venv udockervenv source udockervenv/bin/activate pip install udocker

## Installation: PyPI - II

The udocker command will be udockervenv/bin/udocker.

• Optionally, we can set UDOCKER\_DIR environment variable where the binaries, libraries images and containers will be saved. The default directory is \$HOME/.udocker.

```
mkdir udocker-tutorial
cd udocker-tutorial/
export UDOCKER_DIR=$HOME/udocker-tutorial/.udocker
```

(More details: <a href="https://indigo-dc.github.io/udocker/installation-manual.html">https://indigo-dc.github.io/udocker/installation-manual.html</a>)

#### Installation: tools and libraries - I

- udocker executes containers using external tools and libraries that are enhanced and packaged for use with udocker.
- To complete the installation, download and install the required tools and libraries.

udocker install

#### Installation: tools and libraries - II

- Installs by default in \$HOME/.udocker, or in UDOCKER\_DIR=\$HOME/udocker-tutorial/.udocker.
- Explore the directory structure under \$HOME/udocker-tutorial/.udocker

# udocker: CLI - the basic (introductory) stuff

https://indigo-dc.github.io/udocker/user manual.html

## 0. help and version

Global help and version

```
udocker --help
udocker --version
```

You can get help on a given command

```
udocker run --help
```

## 1. pull

Pull an image from Dockerhub (for example, an officially supported tensorflow):

udocker pull tensorflow/tensorflow

## 2. images

List the images in your local repository ( -1 option shows long format):

```
udocker images -1
```

#### 3. create

To create a container named mytensor, the default execution engine is P1 (PTRACE + SECCOMP filtering):

udocker create --name=mytensor tensorflow/tensorflow

## 4. ps

List extracted containers. These are not processes but containers extracted and available for execution:

udocker ps

#### 5. run: l

Executes a container. Several execution engines are provided. The container can be specified using the container id or its associated name. Additionally it is possible to invoke run with an image name:

udocker run mytensor bash

#### 5. run: II

Now you are inside the container (apparently as root), you might as well try out:

```
root@pcdavid:~# python
Python 3.11.0rc1 (main, Aug 12 2022, 10:02:14) [GCC 11.2.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> import tensorflow as tf
>>> quit()
```

Or:

```
udocker run mytensor cat /etc/lsb-release
```

## 6. setup

With --execmode chooses an execution mode to define how a given container will be executed. The option --nvidia enables access to NVIDIA GPUs (only possible if they are available).

```
udocker setup --execmode=F1 mytensor
udocker ps -m # confirm change of execution engine
```

### **7.** rm

Delete a previously created container. Removes the entire directory tree extracted from the container image and associated metadata:

udocker rm mytensor

## 8. rmi

Delete a local container image previously pulled/loaded/imported:

udocker rmi tensorflow/tensorflow

## **End of Hands On part I**













